



ADMISSIONS POLICY AY 2026-2027

CONTENTS

SECTION	PAGE
1.0 Policy determination and implementation	2
2.0 Arrangements for applications	2
3.0 Our statutory duties & allocation of places	2
4.0 Definitions	3
5.0 Reserve List	4
6.0 Appeals	4
7.0 Midyear admissions	5
8.0 Fair Access	5
9.0 Children of UK Service Personnel (UK Armed Forces)	5
10.0 Fraudulent or Misleading Applications	5
11.0 Admission of Children below Compulsory School Age	6
12.0 Admission of Children outside their Normal Age Group	6

ADMISSIONS POLICY

For entry into academic year 2026-2027

1.0 Policy determination and implementation

The Aspire Schools Trust (AST) Board has determined this policy and the Local Governing Body (LGB) of Bassingham Primary School (BPS) will make decisions about which children to admit, in line with this policy. Bassingham Primary School's LGB must apply AST's oversubscription criteria shown below if they receive more applications than available places.

The Published Admission Number (PAN) for Bassingham Primary School is 30.

2.0 Arrangements for applications

Arrangements for applications for places in Reception at Bassingham Primary School will be made in accordance with Lincolnshire County Council's co-ordinated admission arrangements. Parents resident in Lincolnshire can apply online at www.lincolnshire.gov.uk/schooladmissions, they can also apply by telephone or ask for a paper application by telephoning 01522 782030. Parents resident in other areas must apply through their home local authority. Bassingham Primary School will adhere to timescales outlined in the Lincolnshire Council Co-Ordinated admissions scheme available at www.lincolnshire.gov.uk/schooladmissions and the relevant Local Authority will make the offers of places on our behalf as required by the School Admissions Code (2021). In year admissions are dealt with in accordance with the in year section below.

3.0 Our statutory duties & allocation of places

In accordance with legislation the allocation of places for children with the following will take place first: Education, Health and Care Plan (Children and Families Act 2014) where the school is named. We will then allocate remaining places in accordance with this policy.

For entry into Reception in September we will allocate places to parents who make an application before we consider any parent who has not made one.

Attending a nursery or a pre-school does not give any priority within the oversubscription criteria for a place in a school. Parents must make a separate application for the transfer from nursery to a primary school. The oversubscription criteria are listed in the order we apply them if it is necessary to distinguish between more than one applicant within any one criteria, the next criteria will be applied until the tiebreaker is used. Definitions of terms indicated by numbers are given separately below.

- A. Looked after children and all previously looked after children, including those children who appear to have been in state care outside of England and ceased to be in state care as a result of being adopted (1).
- B. A brother or sister attending the school at the time of application, or who will be attending the school at the expected time of admission (2).
- C. Students for whom the school is their nearest measured by straight line distance (3).
- D. Increasing order of straight-line distance (4).

If the distance criterion is not sufficient to distinguish between two or more applicants for the last remaining place then a lottery will be drawn by an independent person, not employed by the school or working for the Aspire Schools Trust.

4.0 Definitions

4.1 SEND / Pupils with an EHCP

In accordance with legislation, the allocation of places for children with an Education, Health and Care Plan naming the school in the plan will take place first (Children and Families Act 2014). Remaining places will be allocated in accordance with this policy.

4.2 Looked After Child or Previously Looked After Child

(1) A 'looked after child' is a child who is (a) in the care of a local authority, or (b) being provided with accommodation by a local authority in the exercise of their social services functions (see the definition in Section 22(1) of the Children Act 1989) at the time of making an application to a school. A child is regarded as having been in state care outside of England if they were in the care of or were accommodated by a public authority, a religious organisation, or any other provider of care whose sole or main purpose is to benefit society. Previously looked after children are children who were looked after, but ceased to be so because they were adopted (or became subject to a child arrangement order or special guardianship order). This includes children who were adopted under the Adoption Act 1976 (see section 12 adoption orders) and children who were adopted under the Adoption and Children's Act 2002 (see section 46 adoption orders). Child arrangements orders are defined in s.8 of the Children Act 1989, as amended by Section 12 of the Children and Families Act

2014. Child arrangements orders replace residence orders and any residence order in force prior to 22 April 2014 is deemed to be a child arrangements order. Section 14A of the Children Act 1989 defines a 'special guardianship order' as an order appointing one or more individuals to be a child's special guardian (or special guardians).

4.3 Siblings

(2) Brother or sister attending the school at the time of application, or who will be attending the school at the expected time of admission. In all cases both children must live at the same address. We include in this criterion:

- a brother or sister who shares the same biological parents
- a half-brother, half-sister, step-brother or step-sister
- a legally adopted child, a child legally adopted by a biological or step-parent

Twins and other siblings from a multiple birth

If one or more can be admitted within the published admission number the school may go above its admission number as necessary to admit all the children, unless this would make the class too large. The government's school admissions code makes an exception to the infant class limit in this situation.

Brothers and sisters in the same year group

The school may go above its admission number as necessary to admit all the children except in cases where infant class regulations prevent this from happening. If this happens we can only legally offer one place because the government's school admissions code makes no exception to the infant class size limit for siblings in the same year group. We will offer the parent one place for one child and a different school for the other child or children.

4.4 Nearest school

(3) This applies when the school is the nearest state funded, non-selective, mainstream school to the child's address admitting children to the relevant year group; this is calculated by Lincolnshire County Council school admissions team using straight line distance to three decimal places e.g.1.234 miles. If you reside in Lincolnshire, you can use the search tool at <https://www.lincolnshire.gov.uk/find-nearest-school> to identify which school is your closest school.

4.5 Straight line distance

(4) Straight line distance as calculated electronically to three figures after the decimal point (eg 1.543 miles) by Lincolnshire Council school admissions team from the Post Office Address Point of the home to the Post Office Address Point of the school

We use the distance calculated in this way to apply the final oversubscription criterion.

4.6 Home Address

The home address is considered as the address where the child lives for the majority of term time with a parent(as defined in section 576 of the Education Act 1996.)

Where a child lives normally during the school week with more than one parent at different addresses, the home address for the purposes of school admissions will be the one where the child spends the majority of term time. If a parent can show that their child spends an equal amount of time at both addresses during school term time, they can choose which address to use on the application.

If a parent has more than one home, we will take as the home address the address where the parent and child normally live for the majority of the school term time.

5.0 Reserve List

For admission into the intake year (Reception) the Admission Authority for Bassingham Primary School operate a reserve list. In normal admissions if we refuse a place at our school your child is automatically put on the reserve list, unless you have been offered a higher preference school. This list is in the order of the oversubscription criteria, as required by the School Admissions Code. Children can move up and down the list depending on where other children are ranked against the oversubscription criteria. The admissions authority must not take account the time you have been on the list when allocating places

For the intake year the list is kept by the Local Authority School Admissions Team until the end of August. After this the school keeps this list until December 31st of the admitting year. This list is abolished at the end of the school year. Parents wishing to remain on this list must contact the school for more information.

In addition to this, Bassingham Primary School keeps reserve lists for oversubscribed year groups. If you wish the school to add your child to the reserve list following an in-year application you must let the school know. Bassingham Primary School clears the reserve list at the end of each school year, so if you wish your child to remain on the list you must let the school know. If your circumstances change you must let the school know so that they can rank the list accurately and allocate places in accordance with the oversubscription criteria to comply with the School Admissions Code. The Local Governing Body do not take account of the time you have been on the list.

6.0 Appeals

In all cases where a place is refused at a school the applicant will be informed of their right of appeal to an independent panel. The decision of the independent panel is binding on all parties. Details of how to appeal a decision to refuse admission will be communicated to the applicant at the time of the refusal

7.0 In-year Admissions

The Local Governing Body will accept admissions into other year groups unless this would cause an infant class to be unlawfully large or prejudice to the provision of efficient education or the efficient use of resources. If there are more applications than places then the oversubscription criteria will be used to decide who should be offered the place. If there are no places then you will be told of the independent appeal system. Parents can apply online at www.lincolnshire.gov.uk/schooladmissions

8.0 Fair Access

Bassingham Primary School will participate in the Fair Access Protocols of Lincolnshire County Council. Students allocated under Fair Access Protocols will take precedence over those on the reserve list or awaiting appeal

9.0 Children of UK Service Personnel (UK Armed Forces)

For families of UK service personnel with a confirmed posting to the area, or crown servants returning to live in the area from overseas, the Governors will:

- Process an application in advance of the family arriving in the area provided the application is accompanied by an official letter that declares a relocation date and a Unit postal address. Intended address or quartering area address to use when considering the application against the school's oversubscription criteria.
- Accept a Unit postal address or quartering area address for admissions purposes for a service child, where the parent requests this.
- The Governors will not refuse a service child a place solely because the family does not have an intended address or does not yet live in the area

Evidence of an intended address will be required such as tenancy agreement, or mortgage statement. Please contact the school for more details.

For late co-ordinated applications and midyear applications supported by the appropriate military documentation we will aim to remove any disadvantage to UK service personnel (UK Armed Forces).

The Governors will consider whether:

- An application from that address would normally succeed in an oversubscribed year.
- There is any child on the reserve list with higher priority under the oversubscription criteria.
- The prejudice from admitting an extra child would be excessive.

The Governors have discretion to admit above the admission number in these circumstances if they wish, but are not obliged to do so. If a place is refused, you will be informed of your right of appeal.

We will need the notice of posting or official government letter and posting address before we can consider an application under these arrangements. We allocate a school as soon as possible by applying the policies and practices that we normally follow.

10.0 Fraudulent or Misleading Applications

We reserve the right to check any address and other information provided so we can apply the oversubscription criteria accurately and fairly. Aspire Schools Trust is the admission authority and have the right to investigate any concerns they may have about your application and to withdraw the offer of a place if they consider there is evidence that you have made a fraudulent claim or provided misleading information, for example a false address was given which denied a place to a child with a stronger claim. If a place is withdrawn, the application will be considered afresh and you will be advised of your right of appeal if a place is refused.

11.0 Final Tiebreaker

The oversubscription criteria are listed in the order we apply them. If it is necessary to distinguish between more than one applicant in any criteria the next criteria will be applied until the tie-breaker is used. Tie breaker: If two or more children are tied for the last place a lottery will be drawn by an independent person, not employed by the school or working in Children's Service Directorate at the local authority.

12.0 Admission of Children below Compulsory School Age

Bassingham Primary School provides for the admission of all children in the September following their fourth birthday.

Where a child has been offered a place:

- That child is entitled to a full-time place in the September following their fourth birthday;
- The child's parents can defer the date their child is admitted to the school until later in the school year but not beyond the point at which they reach compulsory school age and not beyond the beginning of the final term of the school year for which it was made, whichever is the sooner;
- Where the parents wish, children may attend part-time until later in the school year but not beyond the point at which they reach compulsory school age.
- Parents interested in deferring admission or arranging part-time attendance must contact the school to discuss this.
- Parents of summer born children deferring admission until the child starts Year 1 risk losing the offered school place.

13.0 Admission of Children outside their Normal Age Group

Parents may seek a place for their child outside their normal age group, for example if the child is gifted and talented, or has experienced problems such as ill health. In addition, parents of a summer born child may choose not to send that child to school until the September following their fifth birthday and may request that they are admitted out of their normal age group – to reception rather than year 1. Parents wishing to make these requests must contact their home local authority for guidance on the procedure to follow. Parents resident in Lincolnshire should call 01522 782030 or email outofcohortadmissions@lincolnshire.gov.uk for advice on the procedure to follow.

It is important for parents to note that they will have the opportunity and responsibility to provide whatever evidence they wish to support their request.

Bassingham Primary School will make decisions on the basis of the circumstances of each case and in the best interests of the child concerned.

This will include taking account of:

- the parent's views;
- any available information about the child's academic, social and emotional development;
- where relevant, the child's medical history and the views of a medical professional;

- whether they have been previously educated out of their normal age group;
- any evidence that the child may naturally have fallen into a lower age group if it were not for being born prematurely
- the views of the head teacher